Innovative Protocols and Extensive Local Knowledge: How to Overcome Attrition and Participant Engagement Challenges in Longitudinal Studies

Johanna Choumert-Nkolo & Luca Privinzano

Preparing for the future II: international approaches to challenges facing the longitudinal population studies, CLOSER, London, 2020



The Kagera Health and Development Survey

- Intergenerational study of poverty in rural Tanzanian HHs
 - KHDS R1 4 waves between 1991-1994
 - KHDS R2 2004
 - KHDS R3 2010
- Tracking of baseline HHs (n=915) and individuals (n=6,353), including those who moved out of the baseline location
- KHDS R4 Pilot ongoing
 - All children 0-15 in KHDS R1 1991-1994 and their children
 - Tracking strategy?
 - Attrition?



The Kagera Health and Development Survey

	KHDS R2 - 2004			KHDS R3 - 2010		
KHDS R1 - 1991-1994	re- interviewe d	deceased	untraced*	re- interviewe d	deceased	untraced*
Individuals (n=6,353)	70%	15%	15%	68%	20%	12%

*KHDS R3 - 2010 tracking data for untraced respondents: 53% in Kagera region, 9% in Dar es Salaam, 9% in Mwanza, 10% in another region, 8% in another country, 11% not known



Facing attrition - KHDS R2 and KHDS R3

Challenges	Examples of solutions		
 Reaching locations Scattered locations Multiple location 	Flexibility in the team set-up - Interviewer to work independently to tackle scattered distribution of clusters and reach remote areas Physical and phone tracking		
 Frequent migration Tanzania Uganda International 	 Collecting secondary information with informants Multiple positions Contacts of other informants Flexibility in the field plan - more time in field 		
 Splitting households Marriage Work-related 	 Physical tracking and phone tracking Collecting secondary information with informants Multiple guesses position Open ended questions capturing other secondary information 		

Participant engagement - KHDS R2 and KHDS R3

Challenges	Examples of solutions	
Gaining trust	Putting in contact tracked respondents with their baseline HHs	
Participant engagement (long run)	 Incentives Building engagement for next rounds HHs, after the interview 1 USD in R2, 1.5 USD in R3 	



KHDS R4 - ongoing pilot

Main challenge	Solutions		
Tracking children of KHDS R1 - 1991-1994 and their childrenMigration	Using electronic data collection software (better management of information systems - data sharing in field)		
Parents died	Data information systems of informants		
	Collecting tracking information of children and their children in the community of origin - and call them while still in baseline community		

